Judg'es de-

on that an nine or bepinion was al practice, are being no enging in lion were too tice in this ccused pariging in lin the bill of parth place challenging same time

ment, Mr.

up to the

ght to put

r senior—I

at there is Grand Ju-I hold a at a Grand ood's Instiid the fol-Grand Juludictment

le case of

the posi-

was mened, I proor a mere which the is express-

ged. anding all mou, that ; a Grand -He ada consola: Hawkins, nious Mr. it it not a could cite unsel had ice on reht of chala not proent preceastitution or in the would reimine, he e learned d by state with life

o the fol-

n with the

was not a

oublic imeard of a ding of a te subject stit jury; a person

gular instance of this happy state of things. The cases, which came to be heard were trivial and naimportant; they developed nothing but the offences of peaceable times; and they redounded unspeakably to the credit of those who have the care of public morals and the guardianship of public security. This gratifying view of our social order may be extended all over the island. The last circuits exhibited nothing different from the tranquillity witnessed in the Metropolis; and all the offences that called for the interference of the Law were those that belonged to ordinary times. All this I consider the more consolatory and gratifying, because it was remarkable at a time when idead aries were most active in endeavouring to a state the public mind. You are aware, Gentlemen, that at no period were Orators. Scribblers and Printers, more industrious in circulating their poison througout the country; but it was wisely ordered their efforts should fail and prove abortive in proportion as they were malignant and maidious. A great portion of the public prints have bedoctrines. Instead of sustaining the ancient character of the Irish Press-of selection tair topies for candid and dispassionate discussion—they have lent themselves to the purposes of sedition and disaffection .- They have become vehicles of Longhis the most irritating, principles the most dangerous, and doctrines the most inflammalory, and those they have scattered around for the ensuarement of the credatons and the onwary .-Their object they assert, is to obtain an extension of privileges for catholics, which is figuratively called-Emuncipation. Do they faucy that this measure is to be carried by storm. Do those men imagine that the Government is to be forced, the Parliment to be goaded to a complience with every wish of theirs. Do they presume that a measure which must proceed by slow movements, shall be harried on by forced marches in obedience to their intemperence. I only speak for myself; but I have been both in and out of Parliament a zealous supporter of catholic claims; however in the holtest moments of my ardour I never regarded emancipation as a thing paramount to the public peace .-The public peace is the most momentous concern that a nation can have; it is sains populi, and therefore it is superior to all other considerations. The public peace, Gentlemen, must not be surrendered to factions. The Government of the country must protect it a they must watch over it with a jelouseye, or be guilty of a gross dereliction of their duty.

It is intimated to you, Gentlemen, that certain Bills of Indictment will go up to you touching some persons who have been charged with a breach of the provisions of a certain Statule, commonly called the convention act. If those Indictionals be substantiated, I think it would be prudent that you found bills accordingly, in order that the subject should be put in a course of judicial investigation. It will be for this court then to determine whether the offences imputed to those men really and bona fide come within the provisions of the act. I will not detain you longer Gentlemen.

THE ARMY.

General's Lumley. Houston, and Howard, are removed from Lord Wellington's Staff.

Volunteering is very spiritedly going on from the

Irish militia regiments in England.

The Rescoumen and King's County regiments, stationed at Plymouth bave commenced volunteering for the regulars—73 of the former turned out on Tuesday. The 5th and 28th regiments are the favourites.

The Kings County regiment of militia, landed from the transports at Plymouth on Saturday's emight, and were billeted on the different inns and public houses, till barracks are vacated for their reception. They are as fine a body of men as the Roscommon, and have every appearance of regular disciplined troops. The versels that brought over these men, had a most dangerous and tempestuous passage, and three of them were twice hear foundering.—Star.

The Louth regiment of Irish militia are expected at Plymouth. This, with the Roscommon and King's co. are the only Irish regiments that are to be stationed at

The small-pox raged with such virulence on board of the transports which conveyed the King's County Militia from this country to England, that ten children died on the passage, be much for the prejudices which have been so unfairly excited against vaccination

MARRIED-On Wednesday last, Peter Longlinen, of Dunbell, county Kilkenny, Esq. to Maria, eldest daughter of Walter Butler, of Filmagar, in said county, Esq.

Died-Yesterday morning at Rivermount, in this county, of a decline, in the bloom of youth, Thomas Geary, Jon. Esq a young gentleman whose death is sincerely lamented by his family and acquaintance.—Suddenly, on Saturday morning, at Ratygrove county tork, Edmund Federck, Esq.—In Portugal, of a fever, on the Side of Adgress, Major St. John Travers, son to Robert Travers, tsq. of Bandon.

Exposts -- The Favorite, for Cadiz, 931 brs. wheat

MR. INGLEBY,

A VING finished his first two Evenings' Performance in the Assembly Rooms, Charlotte's Quay, (being attended by the most respectable and crowded Audience ever witnessed, who evinced their decided Approbation by repeated shouts of Applicase, and for which he returns his most heartfelt Thanks.) again respectfully informs them; that he will perform for Three Evenings more, which will be on

Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday,

With varieties of Performance each Evening; and, at the particular desire of THOMAS MAUNTELL, Esq. for the convenience of such Ladies and Gentlemen as reside in the Country, and who could not altend in the Evening, Mr. INGLEBY will (in addition to the above Days) perform at

One o' Clock on Friday n xt.

Limerick, Nov. 12.

TUTOR.

ANTED by a Family residing in the Country, on elderly, sober Man as TUTCH, to instruct a few Children in Reading, Writing, and the Use of the Globes, &c.—Application to be made at the Office of this Paper.

Limerick, Nov. 12.

BANRKUPT'S SALE,

In the matter of Bryan Harranda A the major part of the Commissioners, at the Royal Exchange, a Bankrupt. Sioners, at the Royal Exchange, Dublin, on Friday, 15th Nov. unt. at two o'clock in the afternoon, the said Bankrupt's instruct in a Dwelling house opnosite the Corn-market, in the city of Limerick, demised to Bankrupt at the yearly rent of £22. 15s. late in possession of M. O'Farrell—also, the said Bankrupt's Interest in four new Dwelling Houses and two Plots of Building Ground, adjoining said other Dwelling House, and demised to him at the yearly rent of £150 on which the Bankrupt lately expended near One Thousand Pounds in valuable improvements.

These Premises are respectively held for Terms of three Lives, with Covenant for perpetual renewal—also the said Bankrupt's laterest in a Yearly Profit Rent of £11 Sterling, arising out of a Dwelling Liouse and Premises situate in John's street, in said City, now in possessian of James Foley, and held by Eankrupt for a Term of 200 Years.

Every Information as to Title, &c. will be made known, by applying to Nicholas Manon, Limerick, Agent to the Commission and Assignee.

Limerick, Nov. 12, 1811.

A GENTLEMAN,

Who has been at College,

OULD wish to engage as CLASSICAL TUTOR in a respectable Family. He would also on-dertake Writing and Arithmetic. A Country Situation would be preferred.

Apply at the Office of this Papen.

Limerick, Nov. 3.

Watte Black Water College